



HealthTALK

SUMMER 2019



Did you know?

According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, only about half of U.S. adults meet the physical activity guidelines for aerobic exercise. A variety of fun activities like walking, dancing, swimming and more can help you get moving this summer.



The right dose.

Behavioral health is important.

If your child has attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD), his or her provider may suggest medication. There are several kinds of medicines that treat ADHD. It may take a while to find the best medicine for your child.

Your child may need to change medicines or dosages a few times. Some medicines may not help your child. Others may cause side effects. A dose may be too low or too high.

That's why it's important for children on ADHD medicine to see their doctors often. Go within 30 days of when your child starts taking medicine. Visit again twice in the following nine months.

Then, be sure to keep regular appointments. Behavioral therapy and counseling are also important and should be tried before medication in children under age 6.

UnitedHealthcare Community Plan
P.O. Box 31349
Salt Lake City, UT 84131

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Help is here.

Get treatment for alcohol and drug problems.

Getting treatment for substance use can help you have a better life. Help for you or someone you love can start by talking with a doctor, nurse or counselor. Here's how to start your recovery:

- **Get help right away.**
- **Take an active role.** Keep your appointments. Ask questions.
- **Find the right program.** Different kinds of help are available. Make sure the program feels right for you.
- **Get help from your family and friends.** Don't try to get better by yourself. Having people you can turn to for support and advice can help.
- **Add a support group.** Talking with others who have "been there" is very helpful. There are many types of online and in-person groups.



Learn more. Visit LiveAndWorkWell.com for more information about how to get treatment for substance use disorders and mental illness.

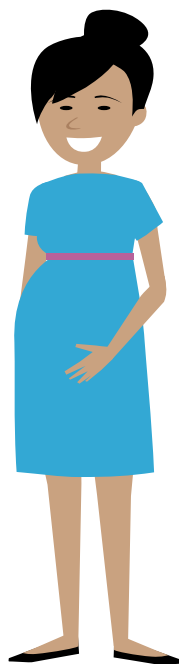


Oh, baby!

Did you know that without prenatal care, babies are 3 times more likely to be born too small?

If you are pregnant, it's important to get early and regular prenatal care. It can help keep you and your baby healthy. You will get your weight, blood pressure and urine checked at each visit. You will listen to your baby's heartbeat. You will have tests to diagnose problems early.

Start seeing your provider as soon as you are pregnant. Have your first visit before your 12th week. Then, go monthly for the first 6 months. Go every 2 weeks for months 7 and 8. For the last month, see your provider every week.



Take the first step. UnitedHealthcare Community Plan has a program for pregnant women. It's called Healthy First Steps®. It provides information and support. All pregnant women can join. For more information, call **1-800-599-5985, TTY 711.**

Grow up strong.

It's important to have well-child visits with your child's primary care provider (PCP) on time. These visits may also be called checkups or Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT) visits. Take your baby for well-child visits at the following ages:

- 3 to 5 days.
- 1 month.
- 2 months.
- 4 months.
- 6 months.
- 9 months.
- 12 months.
- 15 months.
- 18 months.
- 24 months.

Then, take your child or teen to his or her PCP every year. At well-child visits, your child's PCP will make sure your child is growing and developing well. Your child will get any tests and vaccines he or she needs. The PCP will answer your questions about your child's health.

Need help? Are you having a hard time getting appointments with your child's doctor? We can help. Call Member Services toll-free at **1-800-941-4647, TTY 711**, or visit our website at **myuhc.com/CommunityPlan** or use the UnitedHealthcare **Health4Me®** app.



Your best shot.

Immunizations keep kids healthy.

Years ago, many children died from common diseases. Today, those diseases are rare. This is because children now get vaccines to keep them from getting sick. It's important for all children, from babies through teens, to get the right shots at the right time.

Shots for babies (birth–15 months)

- HepB: Hepatitis B (3 doses).
- Hep A: Hepatitis A (2 doses).
- DTaP: Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis (4 doses).
- Hib: Haemophilus influenzae type b (3–4 doses).
- IPV: Polio (3 doses).
- PCV: Pneumococcal (4 doses).
- RV: Rotavirus (2–3 doses).
- MMR: Measles, mumps, rubella (1 dose).
- Varicella: Chickenpox (1 dose).
- Influenza (yearly).

Booster shots for young children (4–6 years)

- DTaP: Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis.
- IPV: Polio.
- MMR: Measles, mumps, rubella.
- Varicella: Chickenpox.
- Influenza (yearly).

Shots for pre-teens (11–12 years)

- Tdap: Tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis.
- HPV: Human papillomavirus (3 doses).
- MCV: Meningococcal.
- Influenza (yearly).
- HepA: Hepatitis A (only if at high risk).



Keep track. Keep a record of what shots your child gets and when. Share this list with any new providers you see. Make copies of this list so you can give them to child care, schools, camps or sports programs.



Checkup time.

Well visits keep track of growth and development.

School-age children and teens need to see the doctor once a year for a checkup. This visit is sometimes called a well-child visit or an Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic and Treatment (EPSDT) visit. Checkups help make sure your child is growing strong and healthy. At this visit, the doctor will:

- Check your child's height, weight and body mass index (BMI).
- Give your child any immunizations he or she needs.
- Talk to your child about important health and safety topics for his or her age.
- Make sure your child is developing well.



Find Dr. Right. Need to find a new doctor for your child? Use our provider directory online at myuhc.com/CommunityPlan. Or call Member Services toll-free at **1-800-941-4647, TTY 711**, or use the UnitedHealthcare **Health4Me**® app.



Know your BMI.

In the United States, more than 2 out of 3 adults are overweight or obese. Obesity is also becoming more common in children. Nearly 1 out of 5 children are obese according to recent data. Being overweight or obese puts you at risk for many problems. These include heart disease, high blood pressure and type 2 diabetes.

Are you too heavy? Know your body mass index (BMI). This figure tells you if your weight is too high for your height.

- **18.5 to 24.9** is a healthy weight.
- **25 to 29.9** is overweight.
- **30** or higher is obese.



Know your number. Your doctor can tell you what your

BMI is, or you can enter your weight and height to find out your BMI at [cdc.gov/healthyweight/assessing/bmi](https://www.cdc.gov/healthyweight/assessing/bmi).

Controlling asthma.

Take steps to limit attacks.

Asthma is a disease that affects the lungs and airways. It causes serious coughing and wheezing. Children and adults with asthma can get help from their doctor. Medication can help control daily symptoms.

Sometimes, even with medication, a person can have a severe asthma attack. A bad attack makes it difficult to breathe. This could become an emergency.

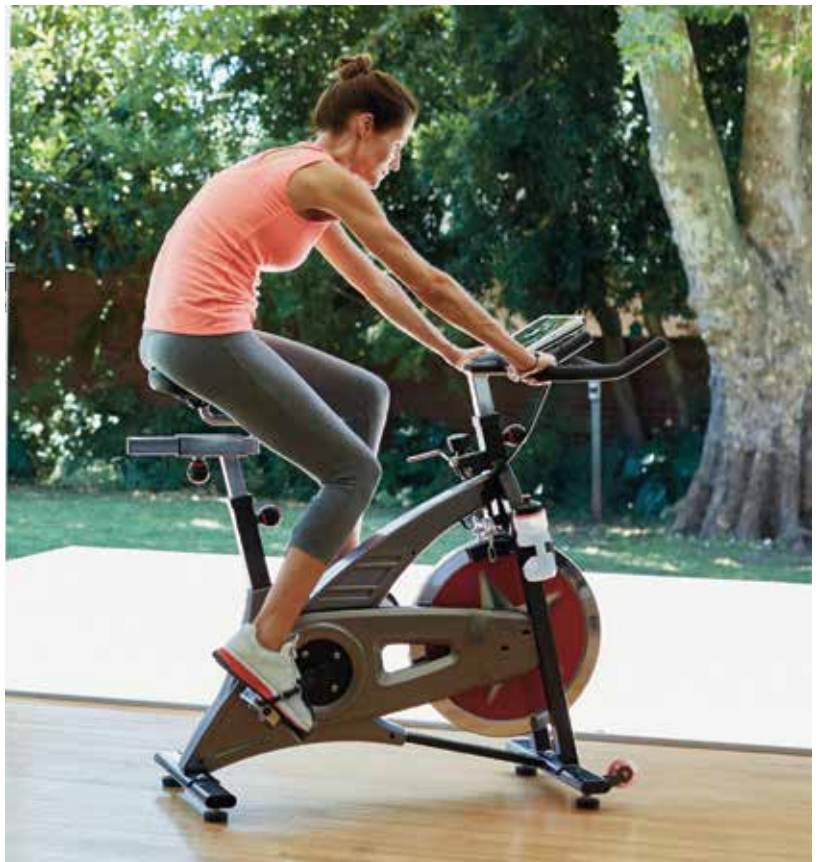
To control your asthma, learn what can trigger an attack.

- **Exercise.** Some people only have attacks after vigorous physical activity.
- **Airborne irritants.** Things in the air, such as pollen, dust mites, smoke or pet dander.
- **Cold or dry air.**
- **Catching a common cold** or the flu.

Develop an asthma action plan. Talk to your doctor about the best way to prevent or manage attacks. You might need to add quick-relief medications or use an inhaler.



We can help. We have disease management programs. They help people with asthma, diabetes and other conditions. Call Member Services toll-free at **1-800-941-4647, TTY 711**, to learn more.




Ask Dr. Health E. Hound.®

Q: Why does my child need to be tested for lead?

A: Lead is often found in plumbing or paint in older homes. It can also be found in painted toys made outside of the United States. Because babies and toddlers often put their hands and toys in their mouths, they can swallow lead. They can also inhale it.

When lead gets into the body, it can end up in the blood, bones or organs. Too much lead in a child's body leads to lead poisoning. It can result in slow growth or developmental problems.

Many children with lead poisoning don't have symptoms. That's why testing is important. Experts recommend testing at ages 1 and 2. Lead testing is part of a checkup at these ages. The test is done using a few drops of blood.

 **Learn about lead.** Read all about lead poisoning and other kids' health topics. Visit [KidsHealth.org](https://www.kidshealth.org). Does your child need to be tested? Ask his or her doctor.


Dr. Health E. Hound® is a registered trademark of UnitedHealth Group.



What to expect.

It's easy for a new mom to neglect her own health. But it's very important to see your doctor or midwife 6 weeks after you give birth. If you had a Cesarean section, you should also go 2 weeks after you give birth. At your postpartum checkup, your provider will:

- Check to make sure you are healing well from childbirth.
- Screen you for postpartum depression.
- Do a pelvic exam.
- Let you know if you are ready to start having sex again.
- Talk about birth control options.
- Answer questions about breastfeeding and examine your breasts.

 **Pregnant?** Join Healthy First Steps®. This program provides support and information at no cost to you. Call **1-800-599-5985, TTY 711**, to learn more.





Resource corner.

Member Services: Find a doctor, ask benefit questions or voice a complaint, in any language (toll-free).
1-800-941-4647, TTY 711

Our website and app: Find a provider, read your Member Handbook or see your ID card, wherever you are.
myuhc.com/CommunityPlan
Health4Me®

QuitLine: Get free help quitting smoking (toll-free).
1-800-QUIT-NOW (1-800-784-8669), TTY 711

Text4baby: Get FREE text messages on your cell phone each week to match your stage of pregnancy. Sign up by **texting the word BABY or BEBE to 511411**. Then enter the participant code HFS.

Healthy First Steps®: Get support throughout your pregnancy (toll-free).
1-800-599-5985, TTY 711

KidsHealth®: Get reliable information on health topics for and about kids.
KidsHealth.org

Want to receive information electronically? Call Member Services and give us your email address (toll-free).
1-800-941-4647, TTY 711



Getting the right care.

Where to go for the care you need.

Choosing the right place to go when you are sick or hurt can help you be seen faster. It is important to choose a primary care provider (PCP). Make an appointment to see your PCP before you have an urgent need.

See your PCP whenever possible. Your PCP has easy access to your records, knows the bigger picture of your health and may even offer same-day appointments to meet your needs. You may want to see your PCP for needs or symptoms such as:

- Skin rash.
- Minor injuries.
- Flu shot.
- Earache.

If you cannot get in to see your PCP, you can go to an urgent care center. Urgent care centers take walk-in patients. You may want to go to urgent care for:

- Cough or cold.
- Fever or sore throat.
- Stomach pain.
- Minor cuts or burns.

Emergency rooms are for medical emergencies only. Go there only when you think your illness or injury could result in death or disability if not treated right away.

For general health questions, call Member Services, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Experienced registered nurses can give you information and answer questions about:

- Choosing where to get medical care.
- Finding a doctor or hospital.
- Health and wellness help.
- Medicine questions.



We're here for you. From scheduling a checkup to finding a doctor, you can count on us to help you get care as quickly as possible. If you have questions, please call Member Services toll-free at **1-800-941-4647, TTY 711**.



UnitedHealthcare Community Plan does not treat members differently because of sex, age, race, color, disability or national origin.

If you think you were treated unfairly because of your sex, age, race, color, disability or national origin, you can send a complaint to:

Civil Rights Coordinator
UnitedHealthcare Civil Rights Grievance
P.O. Box 30608
Salt Lake City, UTAH 84130
UHC_Civil_Rights@uhc.com

You must send the complaint within 60 days of when you found out about it. A decision will be sent to you within 30 days. If you disagree with the decision, you have 15 days to ask us to look at it again.

If you need help with your complaint, please call the toll-free member phone number listed on your health plan member ID card, TTY 711, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

You can also file a complaint with the U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services.

Online:

<https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf>

Complaint forms are available at

<http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html>

Phone:

Toll-free **1-800-368-1019, 1-800-537-7697** (TDD)

Mail:

U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services
200 Independence Avenue SW
Room 509F, HHH Building
Washington, D.C. 20201

If you need help with your complaint, please call the toll-free member phone number listed on your member ID card.

We provide free services to help you communicate with us, such as letters in other languages or large print. You can also ask for an interpreter. To ask for help, please call the toll-free member phone number listed on your health plan member ID card, TTY 711, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

If the enclosed information is not in your primary language, please call UnitedHealthcare Community Plan at 1-800-941-4647, TTY 711

Yog cov ntaub ntawv muab tuaj hauv no tsis yog sau ua koj hom lus, thov hu rau UnitedHealthcare Community Plan ntawm 1-800-941-4647, TTY 711.

Afai o fa'amatalaga ua tuuina atu e le'o tusia i lau gagana masani, faamolemole fa'afesoota'i mai le vaega a le UnitedHealthcare Community Plan ile telefoni 1-800-941-4647, TTY 711.

Если прилагаемая информация представлена не на Вашем родном языке, позвоните представителю UnitedHealthcare Community Plan по тел. 1-800-941-4647, телетайп 711.

Якщо інформація, що додається, подана не на Вашій рідній мові, зателефонуйте до UnitedHealthcare Community Plan 1-800-941-4647 для осіб з порушеннями слуху 711.

동봉한 안내 자료가 귀하의 모국어로 준비되어 있지 않으면 1-800-941-4647, TTY 711로 UnitedHealthcare Community Plan에 전화하십시오.

Dacă informațiile alăturate nu sunt în limba dumneavoastră principală, vă rugăm să sunați la UnitedHealthcare Community Plan, la numărul 1-800-941-4647 TTY 711.

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ተተላሊዙ ዘሎ ሓበሬታ ብቋንቋኩም ተዘይከይኑ፤ ብኹብረትኩም በዚ ዝስዕብ ቁጥር ስልኪ ናብ UnitedHealthcare Community Plan ደውሉ፡- 1-800-941-4647 ምስማኑ ንተጻግሙ/TTY 711።

Si la información adjunta no está en su lengua materna, llame a Unitedhealthcare Community Plan al 1-800-941-4647, TTY 711.

ຖ້າຂໍ້ມູນທີ່ຕິດຄັດມາພີ່ມແມ່ນພາສາຕົ້ນຕໍຂອງທ່ານ, ກະລຸນາໂທຫາ UnitedHealthcare Community Plan ທີ່ເບີ 1-800-941-4647 TTY 711.

Nếu ngôn ngữ trong thông tin đính kèm này không phải là ngôn ngữ chánh của quý vị, xin gọi cho UnitedHealthcare Community Plan theo số 1-800-941-4647, TTY 711.

若隨附資訊的語言不屬於您主要使用語言，請致電 UnitedHealthcare Community Plan，電話號碼為 1-800-941-4647 聽障專線 TTY 711。

ប្រើសិនបើព័ត៌មានដែលភ្ជាប់មកនេះមិនមែនជាភាសារដើមរបស់អ្នកទេ សូមទូរស័ព្ទមកកាន់ UnitedHealthcare Community Plan លេខ 1-800-941-4647, សម្រាប់អ្នកផ្ទះ TTY 711 ។

Kung ang nakalakilip na impormasyon ay wala sa iyong pangunahing wika, mangyaring tumawag sa UnitedHealthcare Community Plan sa 1-800-941-4647 (TTY: 711).

در صورت اینکه اطلاعات پیوست به زبان اولیه شما نمیباشد . لطفا با United Healthcare Community Plan با شماره 1-800-941-4647 تماس حاصل نمایید . وسیله ارطبا تی برای نا شنوایان- TTY 711.



UnitedHealthcare Community Plan no da un tratamiento diferente a sus miembros en base a su sexo, edad, raza, color, discapacidad u origen nacional.

Si usted piensa que ha sido tratado injustamente por razones como su sexo, edad, raza, color, discapacidad o origen nacional, puede enviar una queja a:

Civil Rights Coordinator
UnitedHealthcare Civil Rights Grievance
P.O. Box 30608
Salt Lake City, UTAH 84130
UHC_Civil_Rights@uhc.com

Usted tiene que enviar la queja dentro de los 60 días de la fecha cuando se enteró de ella. Se le enviará la decisión en un plazo de 30 días. Si no está de acuerdo con la decisión, tiene 15 días para solicitar que la consideremos de nuevo.

Si usted necesita ayuda con su queja, por favor llame al número de teléfono gratuito para miembros que aparece en su tarjeta de identificación del plan de salud, TTY 711, 24 horas al día, 7 días a la semana.

Usted también puede presentar una queja con el Departamento de Salud y Servicios Humanos de los Estados Unidos.

Internet:

<https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf>

Formas para las quejas se encuentran disponibles en:

<http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html>

Teléfono:

Llamada gratuita, **1-800-368-1019, 1-800-537-7697** (TDD)

Correo:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
200 Independence Avenue SW
Room 509F, HHH Building
Washington, D.C. 20201

Si necesita ayuda para presentar su queja, por favor llame al número gratuito para miembros anotado en su tarjeta de identificación como miembro.

Ofrecemos servicios gratuitos para ayudarle a comunicarse con nosotros, tales como, cartas en otros idiomas o en letra grande. O bien, puede solicitar un intérprete. Para pedir ayuda, por favor llame al número de teléfono gratuito para miembros que aparece en su tarjeta de identificación del plan de salud, TTY 711, 24 horas al día, 7 días a la semana.