



THE KEY TO A GOOD LIFE IS A GREAT PLAN

HealthTALK



PREGNANT?



Follow us on Twitter @UHC PregnantCare. You can get useful tips, info on what to expect and important pregnancy reminders. Tweets are now available in Spanish as well at @UHCEmbarazada. We're here to make taking care of yourself and your baby a little easier. Visit bit.ly/uhc-pregnancy.

What to expect

Don't forget your postpartum checkup.

It's easy for a new mom to neglect her own health. But it's very important to see your doctor or midwife six weeks after you give birth. If you had a cesarean section, you should also go two weeks after you give birth. At your postpartum checkup, your provider will:

- check to make sure you are healing well from childbirth.
- screen you for postpartum depression.
- do a pelvic exam to make sure your reproductive organs are returning to your pre-pregnancy state.
- let you know if you are ready to start having sex again and talk about birth control options.
- answer questions about breastfeeding and examine your breasts.



Pregnant? Join Healthy First Steps. This free program provides support and information. Call **1-800-599-5985 (TTY 711)** to learn more.





Crush cancer

Are you due for a screening?

Cancer screenings can help catch common cancers early. When caught early, they are most treatable. Some cancers can even be prevented with screenings. For people at average risk, the American Cancer Society recommends:

WHAT: Mammography

WHY: To catch breast cancer early

WHEN: Annual mammograms and clinical breast exams for women starting at age 40. Clinical breast exams every three years for women in their 20s and 30s.

WHAT: Colonoscopy

WHY: To catch or prevent colorectal cancer

WHEN: Colonoscopy for men and women every 10 years beginning at age 50. Other tests for colorectal cancer are also available; intervals vary.

WHAT: Pap and HPV screening

WHY: To catch or prevent cervical cancer

WHEN: Pap screening for women every three years beginning at age 21. Testing can end at age 65 for women with a history of normal Pap results. HPV tests should also be done every five years between ages 30 and 65.



Are you at risk? Do you have a family history of cancer? Are you obese, or do you smoke? You may be at higher risk for cancer. Ask your doctor if you need to begin screenings at a younger age or get them more often.

BRUSHING FOR TWO

When you're pregnant, you're eating for two — but you're also brushing for two. Being pregnant can be hard on your teeth and gums. Gum disease has been associated with pregnancy complications. After you give birth, if you have gum disease or tooth decay, germs from your mouth can be passed to your baby by kissing or sharing a spoon. When you take care of your teeth and gums, it can make a difference for your baby, both before and after birth:

- Brush your teeth at least twice daily using a fluoride toothpaste.
- Floss at least once a day and rinse daily with a fluoride mouthwash.
- Choose healthy foods like fruits and vegetables, and avoid sugary or starchy snacks and soda.
- Visit your dentist at least once during your pregnancy. He or she can clean your teeth and help you control any tooth decay or gum disease. A dental visit is safe any time during your pregnancy.



Need a dentist? Visit MyUHC.com/CommunityPlan or call 1-800-895-2017 (TTY 711) to find a dentist who accepts your health plan.



Finding Dr. Right

Make your PCP your partner in health.

When you joined your health plan, you chose a primary care provider (PCP). Your PCP will provide or coordinate all your health care. If you need tests or treatments that your PCP can't provide, he or she will give you a referral.

You should feel comfortable with your PCP. If you are not, choose a new one. Think about what you want in a PCP. You may prefer a PCP who is male or female. You might want one who speaks your language or shares your culture. You might want one with weekend hours or need one located near public transportation.

There are different types of doctors who are PCPs:

- **FAMILY PRACTITIONERS** treat the whole family. They may also provide women's health care.
- **INTERNISTS** treat adults only.
- **PEDIATRICIANS** treat children from birth through the teen years.
- **OB/GYNs** provide women's health care. Women can choose one in addition to their PCP. They provide birth control and STD testing. They also provide prenatal care and deliver babies.



What's your type? For a list of participating providers, see MyUHC.com/CommunityPlan.

We care for you

UnitedHealthcare Community Plan provides care management to members with special needs. Care managers work with the health plan, your physician and outside agencies. They help members get the special services and care they need. Care management helps people who have:

- physical disabilities
- serious mental illness
- complex health problems
- other special needs

We also have disease management programs. Members in these programs get reminders about their care and advice from a nurse. They help members with chronic illnesses such as:

- diabetes
- asthma
- COPD
- sickle cell
- CHF
- HIV
- hypertension



Help is here. Do you have special needs or need help managing a chronic illness? Call the Member Services at **1-800-895-2017 (TTY 711)**. Ask about programs that can help you.



THE RIGHT DOSE

Depression is a serious, but treatable, condition. It is very common. Many people are helped by medicine for depression. It is one of the most commonly used kinds of drugs. If your doctor suggests antidepressants, keep in mind:

1. You might need to try more than one drug. Some people feel better on the first one they try. Others need to try different drugs until they find the one that works best for them.
2. They usually take a while to work. Some drugs take at least six weeks until they make you feel better. Be patient, and keep taking your medicine as directed.
3. Most people notice side effects. However, they usually go away after a few weeks. Talk to your doctor if they don't.
4. Don't quit your medicine suddenly. You need to work with your doctor to taper your dose. If you quit suddenly, you might feel sick.



Follow up. If you are getting treatment for mental health, it's important to keep your follow-up appointments. If you were hospitalized, see your mental health provider within seven days after you leave the hospital.

Resource corner

Member Services Find a doctor, ask benefit questions or voice a complaint, in any language (toll-free).

1-800-895-2017 (TTY 711)

NurseLine Get 24/7 health advice from a nurse (toll-free).

1-800-542-8630 (TTY 711)

Healthy First Steps Get pregnancy and parenting support. Join the Baby Blocks rewards program. (toll-free).

1-800-599-5985 (TTY 711)

UHCBabyBlocks.com

UHC Pregnant Care Tweets Get useful tips, info on what to expect and important pregnancy reminders.

@UHCPregnantCare

@UHCEmbarazada

bit.ly/uhc-pregnancy

Our website Use our provider directory or read your Member Handbook.

MyUHC.com/CommunityPlan



KIDS, TEENS EAT FREE

Parents can save money on groceries this summer! Children 18 and under can eat free, healthy meals at safe locations throughout Ohio. All families are welcome, and there is no sign-up necessary — simply bring your children to a summer meal site. Many locations offer fun activities so children can stay active and spend time with friends.



Here's how. Call the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) at **1-855-570-7377** or the National

Hunger Hotline at **1-866-348-6479** to find a nearby summer meal site! The Ohio Summer Food Service Program is administered by the United States Department of Agriculture.



Bringing up baby

Every well-baby visit is important.

Babies grow and change quickly. That's why it's important for your baby to have regular visits with his or her primary care provider. By age 2, your child should have 10 well-baby visits. These well-baby visits are sometimes called Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT).

Well-baby visits help the doctor get to know you and your child. They make sure your baby is healthy. They are also a good time for you to ask questions. Well-baby visits include:

- **GROWTH CHECKS:** Your child will be weighed and measured.
- **TESTS:** Your child will get needed tests. This includes lead tests by ages 1 and 2.
- **SCREENINGS:** Your child's vision, hearing and development will be checked.
- **SHOTS:** By age 2, your child will get shots for 14 diseases. Some vaccinations are given in combined shots. Most shots are needed more than once.

WHEN TO GO

Ages for well-baby visits are:

- | | | |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| ■ 2 months | ■ 12 months | |
| ■ 4 months | ■ 15 months | |
| ■ 3 to 5 days | ■ 18 months | |
| ■ 1 month | ■ 9 months | ■ 24 months |



Get rewarded. UnitedHealthcare Community Plan offers a rewards program for pregnant women and new mothers. It's called Baby Blocks. You can earn rewards for going to prenatal, postpartum and new baby checkups. Visit **UHCBabyBlocks.com** to find out more.